## HOMEWORK 5: ANSWERS

(a) For a U type the expected utility of not insuring is  $\frac{9}{10}100\sqrt{193,600} + \frac{1}{10}100\sqrt{193,600-17,200} = 43,800$ . Thus the maximum premium that she is

willing to pay for full insurance is given by the solution to  $100\sqrt{193,600-h} = 43,800$  which is h = \$1,756.

(b) If the premium is \$3,450, it follows from part (a) that the U types will not apply for insurance. For a V type the expected utility of not insuring is  $\frac{4}{5}100\ln(193,600) + \frac{1}{5}100\ln(193,600-17,200) = 1,215.49$ . The utility from the contract is

 $100 \ln(193,600 - 3,450) = 1215.556851$ . Thus the V types will buy insurance and the monopolist's expected profits are  $\pi_1(n_v) = [3,450 - \frac{1}{5}(17,200)]n_v = 10n_v$ .

(c) We already know that the U types will not consider the full insurance contract. The partial insurance contract gives them an expected utility of

 $\frac{9}{10}100\sqrt{193,600-225} + \frac{1}{10}100\sqrt{193,600-225-15000} = 43,800.43$ , higher than no insurance. Thus they will buy the partial insurance contract. For the V type the partial insurance contract gives an expected utility of

 $\frac{4}{5}100\ln(193,600-225) + \frac{1}{5}100\ln(193,600-225-15,000) = 1,215.62$ , higher than the expected utility from the full-insurance contract. Thus everybody will buy the partial insurance contract and the monopolist's expected profits are

$$\pi_2(n_u, n_v) = \left[225 - \frac{1}{10}(17, 200 - 15, 000)\right]n_u + \left[225 - \frac{1}{5}(17, 200 - 15, 000)\right]n_v = 5n_u - 215n_v$$

- (d)  $\pi_1(100) = \$1,000$  and  $\pi_2(4400,100) = 500$ . Thus option (b) is better.
- (e)  $\pi_1(100) = \$1,000$  and  $\pi_2(4700,100) = \$2,000$ . Thus option (c) is better.
- (f) First some notation. For an arbitrary contract C = (h, d), let  $EU(C) = \frac{1}{10} 100\sqrt{193600 - h - d} + \frac{9}{10} 100\sqrt{193600 - h}$ ,  $EV(C) = \frac{1}{5} 100 \ln(193600 - h - d) + \frac{4}{5} 100 \ln(193600 - h)$ .

Recall that the expected utility of no insurance is 43,800 for the U type and 1215.49 for the V type. The profit maximization problem is as follows, where  $C_U = (h_U, d_U)$  is the contract targeted to the U type and  $C_V = (h_V, d_V)$  is the contract targeted to the V type:

$$\max_{h_U, h_V, d_U, d_V} n \left[ h_U - \frac{1}{10} (17200 - d_U) \right] + n \left[ h_V - \frac{1}{5} (17200 - d_V) \right]$$

subject to:

- $(IR_{U}) EU(C_{U}) \ge 43800$
- $(IR_V) EV(C_V) \ge 1215.49$
- $(IC_U) \quad EU(C_U) \ge EU(C_V)$
- $(IC_V) \quad EV(C_V) \ge EV(C_U)$